

# Oat v. 1 Language Specification

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March 6, 2025

## 1 Grammar

The following grammar defines the Oat syntax. All binary operations are *left associative* with precedence levels indicated numerically. Higher precedence operators bind tighter than lower precedence ones.

<i>prog</i>	::=	<i>prog</i>
		<i>decl</i> <sub>1</sub> .. <i>decl</i> <sub><i>i</i></sub>
<i>decl</i>	::=	global declarations
		<i>gdecl</i>
		<i>fdecl</i>
<i>gdecl</i>	::=	global variable declarations
		<b>global</b> <i>id</i> = <i>gexp</i> ;
<i>arg</i>	::=	arg
		<i>t id</i>
<i>args</i>	::=	args
		<i>arg</i> <sub>1</sub> , .., <i>arg</i> <sub><i>n</i></sub>
<i>fdecl</i>	::=	function declaration
		<i>retty</i> <i>id</i> ( <i>args</i> ) <i>block</i>
<i>block</i>	::=	blocks
		{ <i>stmt</i> <sub>1</sub> .. <i>stmt</i> <sub><i>n</i></sub> }
<i>t</i>	::=	types
		<b>int</b>
		<b>bool</b>
		<i>ref</i>
<i>ref</i>	::=	reference types
		<b>string</b>
		<i>t</i> []
		( <i>t</i> <sub>0</sub> , .., <i>t</i> <sub><i>n</i></sub> ) -> <i>retty</i>
		function pointer

<i>retty</i>	::=	return types
		<b>void</b>
		<i>t</i>
<i>bop</i>	::=	(left associative) binary operations
		*
		+
		-
		<<
		>>
		>>>
		<
		<=
		>
		>=
		==
		!=
		&
		[&]
		[ ]
		multiplication (precedence 100)
		addition (precedence 90)
		subtraction (precedence 90)
		shift left (precedence 80)
		shift right logical (precedence 80)
		shift right arithmetic (precedence 80)
		less-than (precedence 70)
		less-than or equal (precedence 70)
		greater-than (precedence 70)
		greater-than or equal (precedence 70)
		equal (precedence 60)
		not equal (precedence 60)
		logical and (precedence 50)
		logical or (precedence 40)
		bit-wise and (precedence 30)
		bit-wise or (precedence 20)
<i>uop</i>	::=	unary operations
		-
		!
		~
<i>gexp</i>	::=	global initializers
		<i>integer</i>
		<i>string</i>
		ref <b>null</b>
		<b>true</b>
		<b>false</b>
		<b>new</b> <i>t</i> [] { <i>gexp</i> <sub>1</sub> , ..., <i>gexp</i> <sub><i>n</i></sub> }
<i>lhs</i>	::=	left-hand-sides for assignment
		<i>id</i>
		<i>exp</i> <sub>1</sub> [ <i>exp</i> <sub>2</sub> ]

$exp$	::=	expressions
	<i>integer</i>	64-bit integer literals
	<i>string</i>	C-style strings
	<i>ref null</i>	
	<i>true</i>	
	<i>false</i>	
	<i>lhs</i>	left-hand-side as an expression
	<i>id(exp<sub>1</sub>, ..., exp<sub>n</sub>)</i>	function call
	<i>new t[] {exp<sub>1</sub>, ..., exp<sub>n</sub>}</i>	Explicitly initialized array
	<i>new int [exp<sub>1</sub>]</i>	Default-initialize int array
	<i>new bool [exp<sub>1</sub>]</i>	Default-initialize bool array
	<i>exp<sub>1</sub> bop exp<sub>2</sub></i>	
	<i>uop exp</i>	
	<i>(exp)</i>	
$vdecl$	::=	local declarations
	<i>var id = exp</i>	
$vdecls$	::=	decl list
	$vdecl_1, \dots, vdecl_n$	
$stmt$	::=	statements
	<i>lhs = exp;</i>	
	<i>vdecl;</i>	
	<i>return exp;</i>	
	<i>return ;</i>	
	<i>id(exp<sub>1</sub>, ..., exp<sub>n</sub>);</i>	
	<i>if_stmt</i>	
	<i>for(vdecls; exp<sub>opt</sub>; stmt<sub>opt</sub>) block</i>	
	<i>while(exp) block</i>	
$if\_stmt$	::=	if statements
	<i>if(exp) block else_stmt</i>	
$else\_stmt$	::=	else
	$\epsilon$	
	<i>else block</i>	
	<i>else if_stmt</i>	