#### ESE5320: Today System-on-a-Chip Architecture • Part 1: - Motivation - Challenge and Coverage • Part 2: Day 20: November 6, 2024 - Golden Model / Reference Specification Verification 1 • Part 3: - Automation and Regression & ⊬enn n ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHor ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHon 1 2





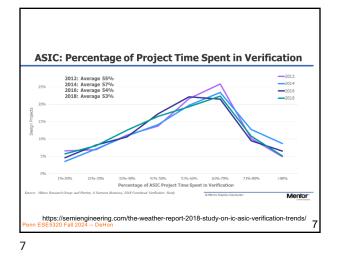


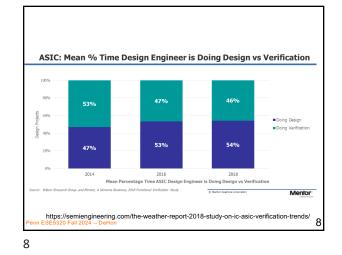
- Designs are complex
  - Many ways things can go wrong
  - Many subtle ways things can go wrong
  - Many tricky interactions
- Designs are often poorly specified – Complex to completely specify

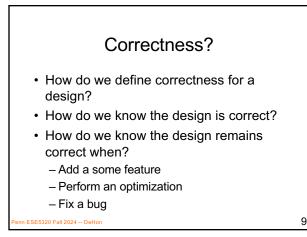
#### enn ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHor

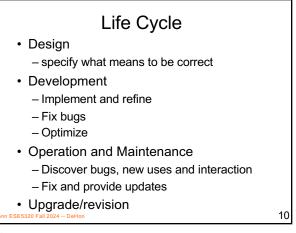


6

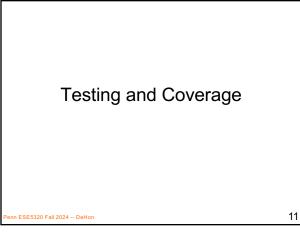


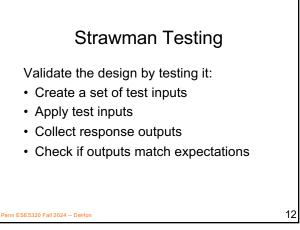


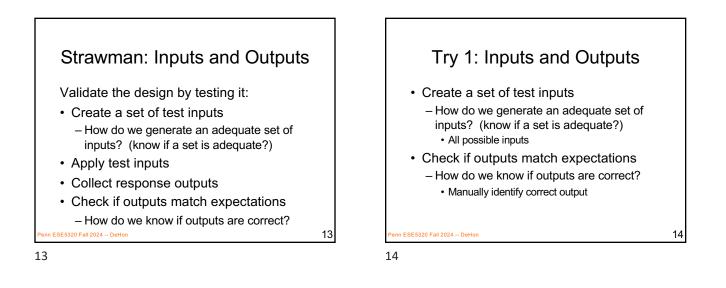


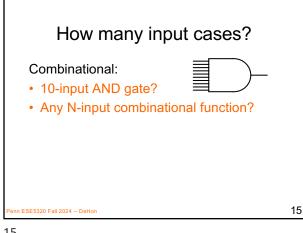


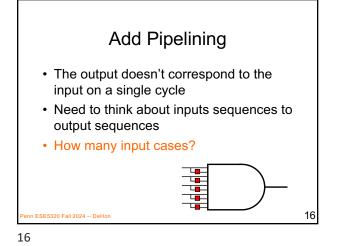


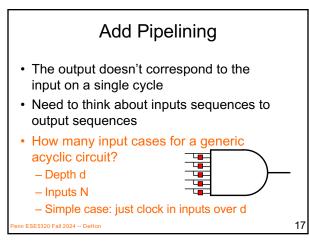


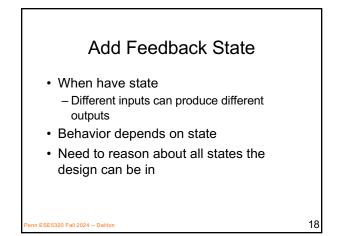




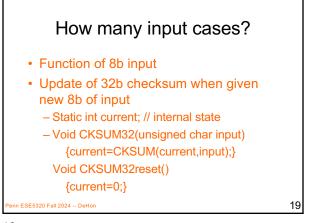


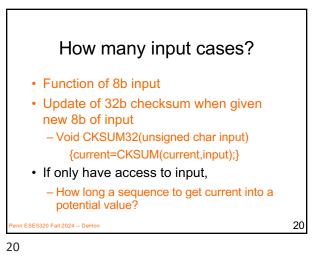


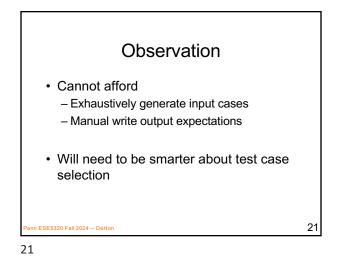


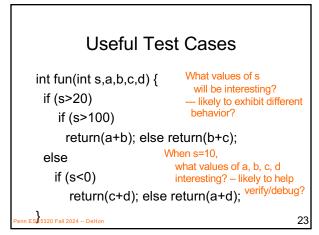


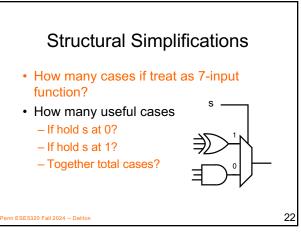


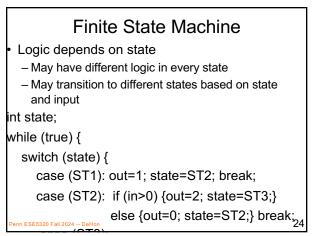










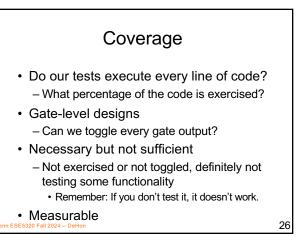


## Finite State Machine

 What input cases should we try to exercise for an FSM? (goal for test cases) int state;

while (true) { switch (state) { case (ST1): out=1; state=ST2; break; case (ST2): if (in>0) {out=2; state=ST3;} else {out=0; state=ST2;} break; Case (ST3)

25

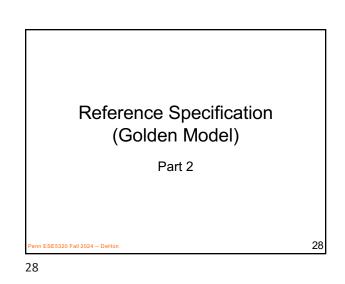


26

25

So far... · Identifying test stimulus important and tricky - Cannot generally afford exhaustive - Need understand/exploit structure Coverage metrics a start - Not complete answer 27 ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHo

27

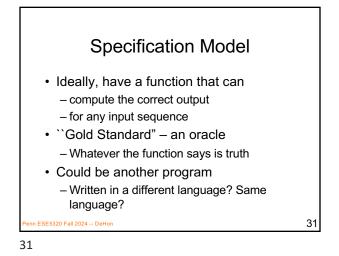


Strawman: Inputs and Outputs Validate the design by testing it: · Create a set of test inputs - How do we generate an adequate set of inputs? (know if a set is adequate?) · Apply test inputs Collect response outputs

 Check if outputs match expectations - How do we know if outputs are correct? SE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHo

Problem · Manually writing down results for all input cases - Tedious - Error prone -...simply not viable for large number cases need to cover · Definitely not viable exhaustive • ...and still not viable when select intelligently ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHor 30





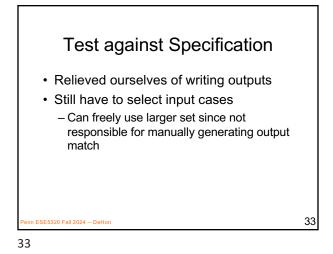
# Testing with Reference Specification

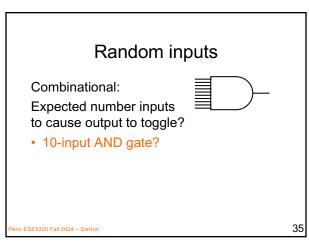
32

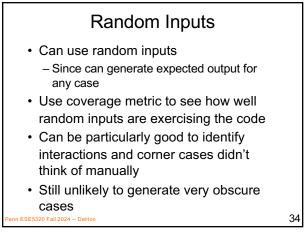
- Validate the design by testing it:
- Create a set of test inputs
- · Apply test inputs
  - To implementation under test
  - To reference specification
- Collect response outputs
- · Check if outputs match

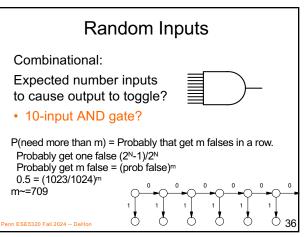
enn ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHon

32

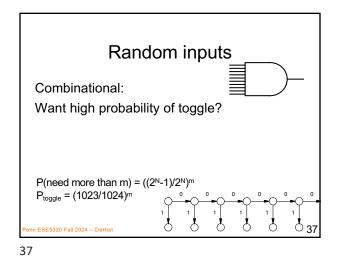


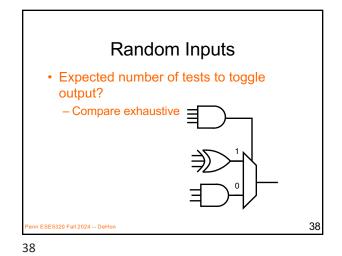






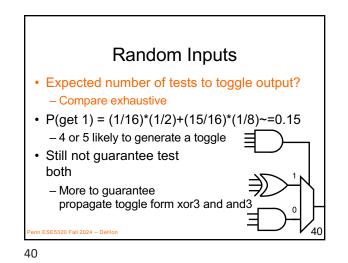






Random Inputs • Expected number of tests to toggle output? • Compare exhaustive • P(AND4 1)=1/16 • P(xor has 1)=1/2 • P(AND3 1)=1/8 • P(get 1) =  $(1/16)^*(1/2)+(15/16)^*(1/8)$ ~=0.15 - 4 or 5 likely to generate a toggle Pent ESE3320 Fall 2024 - Defon

39



Observation

In many cases, random can find interesting cases quickly

Maybe not minimum, but small compared to exhaustive

Some cases may be as bad as exhaustive
Coverage metrics give us hints/guidance of which is which

Penn ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHor

Random Testing
 Completely random may be just as bad as exhaustive

 Expected time to exercise interesting piece of code
 Expected time to produce a legal input
 E.g. - random packets will almost always have erroneous checksums
 E.g. random bytes won't generate duplicate chunks, or much opportunity for LZW compression

41

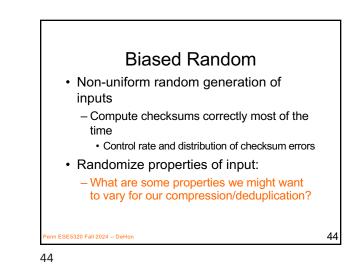
### Semi-Random

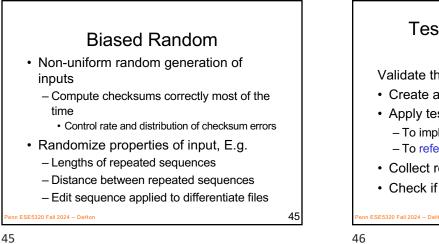
· Worthwhile to think about how could we generate more useful but "randomized" inputs.

- Focus on things we need to exercise

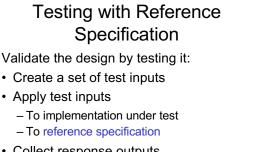
n ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHor

43





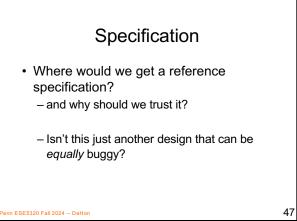
43

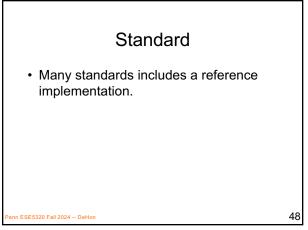


- Collect response outputs
- · Check if outputs match

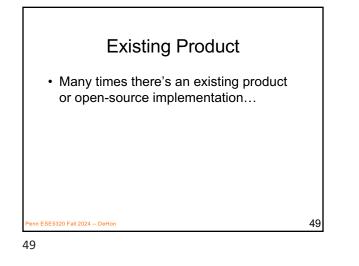
ESE5320 Fall 2024 -- DeHor

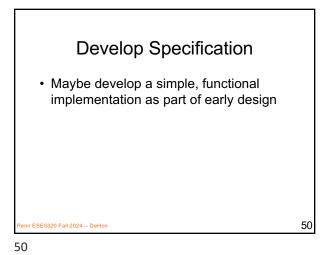
46

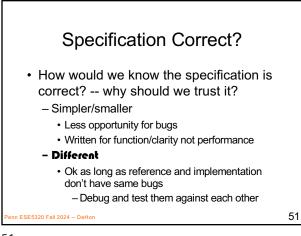




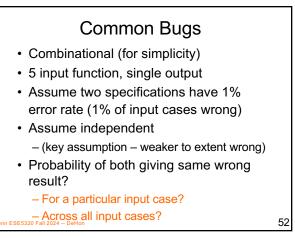




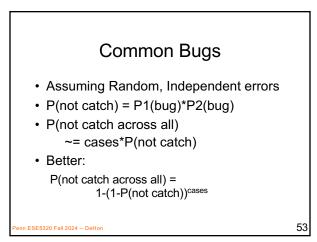


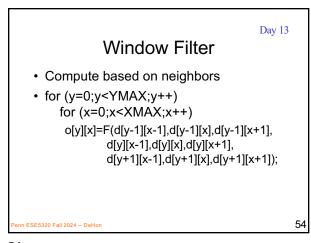


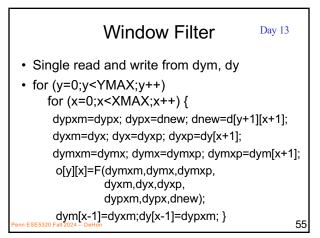


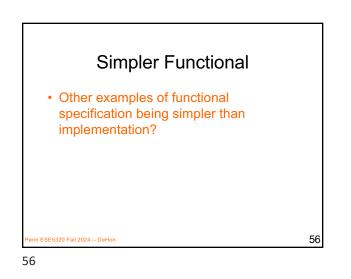


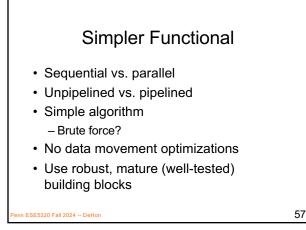


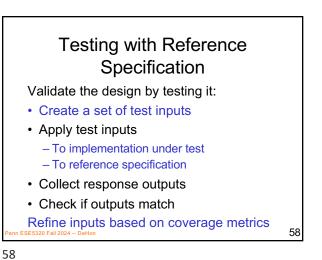


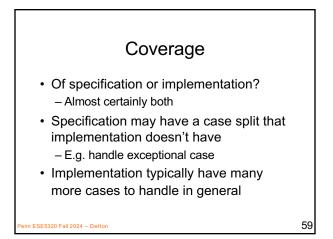


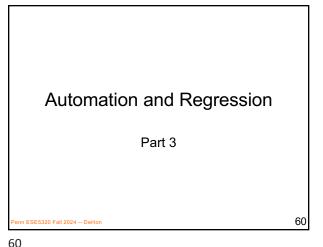


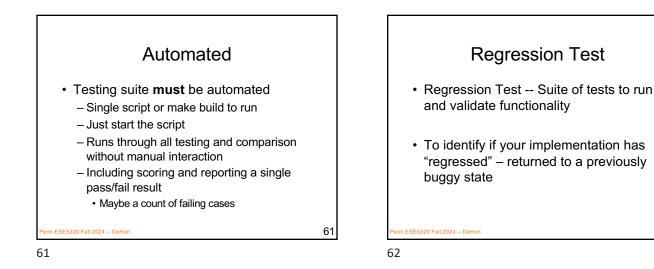


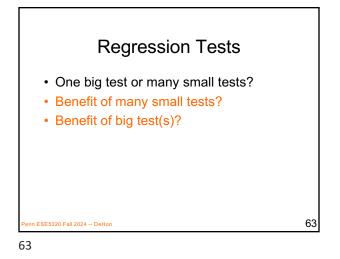


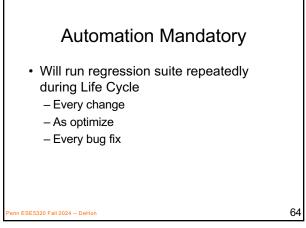


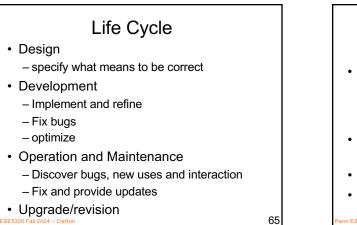










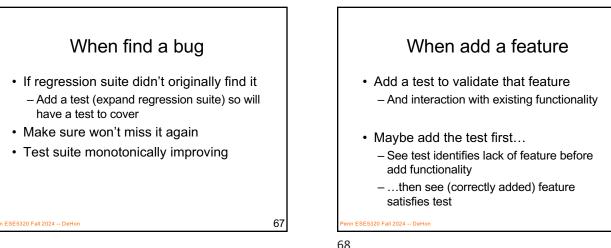


Automation Value
Engineer time is bottleneck

Expensive, limited resource
Esp. the engineer(s) that understand what the design should do

Cannot spend that time evaluating/running tests
Reserve it for debug, design, creating tests
Capture knowledge in tools and tests





Regression Test Size
Want to be comprehensive

More tests better....

Want to run in tractable time

Few minutes once make change or when checkin
Cannot run for weeks or months
Might want to at least run overnight

Sometimes forced to subset

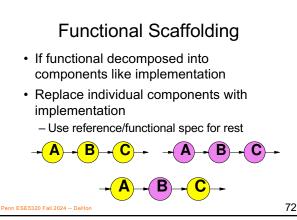
Small, focused subset for immediate test

68

70

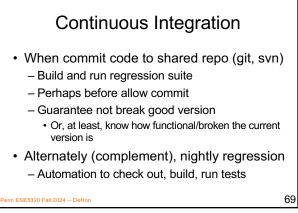
- Comprehensive test for full validation

70





71

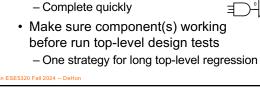


**Unit Tests** 

· Regression for individual components

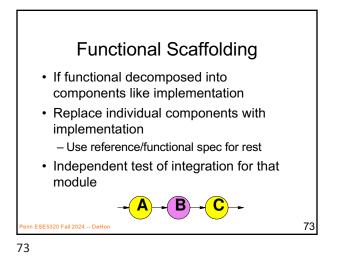
· Good to validate independently

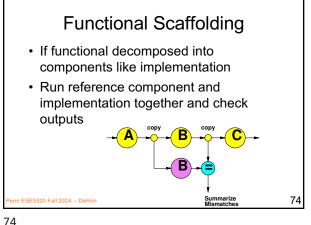
69



Lower complexity

- Fewer tests





Decompose Specification
Should specification decompose like implementation?
ultimate golden reference
Only if that decomposition is simplest
But, worth refining
Golden reference simplest
Intermediate functional decomposed
Validate it versus golden
Still simpler than final implementation



